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# B.Com. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2016

## Sixth Semester

Core Course 17—ACCOUNTING FOR MANAGERIAL DECISIONS

(Common for B.Com Model I, B.Com. (Vocational Model II) and Model III B.Com. Degree Programmes)

[2013 Admissions]

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 80 Marks

Answers may be written either in English or in Malayalam.

## Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. What is Financial Statements?
- 2. What is meant by comparative statement?
- 3. What is Ratio analysis?
- 4. What is meant by Return on capital employed?
- 5. What is fund flow statement?
- 6. What is non-current assets?
- 7. What is cash flow statement?
- 8. What is cash from operation?
- 9. What is responsibility accounting?
- 10. What is responsibility centre?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$ 

#### Part B

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. What is meant by Internal analysis? State its features.
- 12. What are the merits of comparative statement analysis?
- 13. State the importance of Liquidity ratio and Fixed asset ratio.
- 14. What are the limitations of ratio analysis?
- 15. Differentiate between "Schedule of Changes in Working Capital" and "Fund Flow Statement".

Turn over

- 16. State the steps to be followed to prepare fund flow statement.
- 17. How to calculate cash from operation to prepare a cash flow statement?
- 18. What are the various types of Responsibility Centre?
- 19. What is Trend analysis? State its uses.
- 20. What is Proprietary and Operating ratio?
- 21. What do you mean by Horizontal analysis of financial statement?
- 22. Find out Fixed Assets Turnover Ratio from the following information :-

Total Fixed Assets ... Rs. 6,00,000
Gross profit ... 20 % on sales
Net Sales ... Rs. 8,00,000
Debenture ... Rs. 2,00,000
Share Capital ... Rs. 3,00,000

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$ 

## Part C

Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. What are the importance of financial statements?
- 24. What is dividend yield ratio? How to calculate? State its uses.
- 25. State the advantages of ratio analysis.
- 26. What are the differences between Fund flow and Cash flow statement?
- 27. Explain the uses of cash flow statement.
- 28. The following figures relate to the trading activities of Nikila Traders Limited for the year ended 30th June :

		Rs.
Sales		5,20,000
Purchases		3,22,250
Opening stock		76,250
Closing stock		98,500
Sales returns		20,000
Selling and Distribution exp	enses:	
Salaries		15,300
Advertising	•••	4,700
Travelling	***	2,000
Administrative expenses:		
Salaries		27,000
Rent	•••	2,700
Stationery and Postage		2,500

Depreciation	•••	9,300
Other Charges		16,500
Provision for Taxation		40,000
Non-operating Income:		
Dividend on shares		9,000
Profit on Sales of shares	49	3,000
Non-operating expenses:		
Loss on sale of Assets		4,000

You are required to show separately the following ratios : (i) Gross Profit Ratio, (ii) Operating ratio, (iii) Operating profit ratio and (iv) Net profit ratio.

29. From the following, calculate funds from operation:

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Expenses	 3,00,000	Gross profit	 4,50,000
Depreciation	 70,000	Gain on sale of land	 60,000
Discount	 200		
Goodwill	 20,000		
Loss on sale of machine	 4,000		
Net profit	 1,15,800		
Total	 5,10,800		5,10,000

30. From the following figures, calculate the trend percentage and interpret them by taking 2009 as base :

			(Rs. in lakes)
Year	Sales	Stock	Profit before tax
2009	 1,881	709	321
2010	 2,340	781	435
2011	 2,665	816	458
2012	 3,021	944	527
2013	 3,768	1,154	672

31. From the following Balance Sheet, prepare a schedule of changes in working capital:

Liabilities	2012 Rs.	2013 Rs.	Assets	2012 Rs.	2013 Rs.	
Share capital	3,00,000	3,75,000	Machinery	 70,000	1,00,000	
Creditors	1,06,000	70,000	Stock	 1,21,000	1,36,000	
Profit & Loss A/c	14,000	31,000	Debtors	 1,81,000	1,70,000	
			Cash	 48,000	70,000	
	4,20,000	4,76,000		4,20,000	4,76,000	*
					$(6 \times 4 = 24)$	

Turn over

### Part D

## Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. Explain the fundamental aspects, feature and advantages of Responsibility Accounting.
- 33. The following data represents the ratio pertaining to Nithya Company Ltd., for the year ending 31st March, 2015:—

**Annual Sales** Rs. 40,00,000 Sales to net worth 4 times Current liabilities to Net worth ... 50 % Total Debts to Net worth 80 % Current ratio 2.2 times Sales to inventory 8 times Average collection period 40 days Fixed Assets to worth 70 %

From the above mentioned particulars, prepare Balance Sheet of Nithya Company Ltd., as on 31st March, 2015. Assume that all sales are made on credit.

34. From the following Balance Sheets of Kalai Company Ltd., you are required to prepare a fund flow statement:

Liabilities	2013 Rs.	2014 Rs.	Assets	2013 Rs.	2014 Rs.
Capital	 70,000	74,000	Cash	 9,000	7,800
Debentures	 12,000	6,000	Debtors	 14,900	17,700
Trade creditors	 10,360	11,840	Stock	 49,200	42,700
Reserve for bad debts	 700	800	Buildings	 20,000	30,000
Profit and Loss A/c	 10,040	10,560	Goodwill	 10,000	5,000
	1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200

35. The following details are available from a company:

Liabilities		31-12-2013 Rs.	31-12-2014 Rs.	Assets	31-12-2013 Rs.	31-12-2014 Rs.	
Share capital		70,000	74,000	Cash	 9,000	7,800	
Debentures		12,000	6,000	Debtors	 14,900	17,700	
Reserve for doubtful del	ots	700	800	Stock	 49,200	42,700	
Trade creditors		10,360	11,840	Land	 20,000	. 30,000	
Profit and Loss A/c		10,040	10,560	Goodwill	 10,000	5,000	
		1,03,100	1,03,200		1,03,100	1,03,200	

In addition, you are given:

- (i) Dividend paid total Rs. 3,500.
- (ii) Land was purchased for Rs. 10,000.
- (iii) Amount provided for amortization of goodwill Rs. 5,000.
- (iv) Debentures paid off Rs. 6,000. Prepare cash flow statement.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$